SEMESTER LEARNING PLAN

MATHEMATICAL LOGIC AND SETS COURSES (23H01110203)



TEACHING TEAM

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STUDI PROGRAM OF MATHEMATICS - S1
FACULTY OF MATHEMATICS AND NATURAL SCIENCES
HASANUDDIN UNIVERSITY
MAKASSAR
2025

STUDY PROGRAM OF MATEMATIKA - S1 FACULTY OF MATHEMATICS AND NATURAL SCIENCES HASANUDDIN UNIVERSITY

Vision

The scientific vision is to become a study program with an international reputation in the development of mathematics based on the Indonesian maritime continent by 2030

Vision Strategy

Misson

To fulfill the above vision, the Undergraduate Mathematics Study Program has four missions, namely:

- Organizing innovative and effective mathematics learning to improve the quality and creativity of students in order to compete nationally and internationally.
- Improving a research culture that produces internationally reputable publications.
- Playing an active role in community service activities and collaborating with other academic institutions, government, business, media and society.
- Carry out governance in the Mathematics Study Program that is effective, efficient and transparent based on IT and ISO 9001:2015 standards to achieve the tridharma goals.

Graduate Profiles

Gagal diterjemahkan

PLO charged to courses

- CPL-1 (ILO 1) Students are able to demonstrate an advanced understanding of basic pure and simple applied mathematics.
- CPL-2 (P2) The students are able to identify objects, techniques, and theorems in fundamental mathematics, and making a connection for solving problems
- CPL-3 (KU1) The students are able to analyse a mathematical problem with logic, analytic, and systematic structure

Course Learning Outcomes (CLO)

- CPMK-1: Students have a relatively deep understanding in determining the truth value of a statement, including statements containing quantifiers, understand the laws of logic and several inference methods, understanding sets, relations in sets. (CPL1)
- CPMK-2: Understand the process of proving a statement logically, analytically and systematically, proving set cardinal numbers and operations between cardinal numbers. (CPL3)
- CPMK-3: Understand how to use the laws of logic, inference methods, proof methods for the development of mathematics and application to other scientific disciplines (CPL2)

Sub-CLO

- Sub CPMK-1: Students are able to explain and give examples of statements; able to determine the truth value of a compound statement (CPMK-1)
- Sub CPMK-2: Able to prove the equivalence of two propositions using tautology and able to derive various conclusions using the laws of logic (CPMK-2)
- Sub CPMK-3: Able to determine the truth value of quantified statements and able to state the form of refutation of quantified statements (CPMK-1)
- Sub CPMK-4: Able to use quantified statements in Mathematical concepts, including: the concept of

functions and function limits (CPMK-3)

Sub CPMK-5: Able to explain and provide examples of various types of Evidence Methods and able to determine the type of evidence method that can be used for a case (CPMK-2 dan CPMK-3)

Sub CPMK-6: Know, explain and describe sets and the properties of sets (CPMK-1)

Sub CPMK-7: Know, explain and describe, and perform various set operations (CPMK-2)

Sub CPMK-8: Know, explain and describe relationships and the nature of relationships in sets (CPMK-1)

Sub CPMK-9: Know, explain and describe several operations between cardinal numbers (CPMK-2)

Learning Analytics

Mathematical Logic and Sets
^
Know, explain and describe several operations between cardinal numbers (CPMK-2)
^
Know, explain and describe relationships and the nature of relationships in sets (CPMK-1)
^
Know, explain and describe, and perform various set operations (CPMK-2)
^
Know, explain and describe sets and the properties of sets (CPMK-1)
^
Able to explain and provide examples of various types of Evidence Methods and able to determine the type of evidence method that can be used for a case (CPMK-3 dan CPMK-2)
^
Able to use quantified statements in Mathematical concepts, including: the concept of functions and function limits (CPMK-3)
^
Able to determine the truth value of quantified statements and able to state the form of refutation of quantified statements (CPMK-1)
^
Able to prove the equivalence of two propositions using tautology and able to derive various conclusions using the laws of logic (CPMK-2)
<u>↑</u>
Students are able to explain and give examples of statements; able to determine the truth value of a compound statement (CPMK-1)
Have passed the course Basic Mathematics I



HASANUDDIN UNIVERSITY FAKULTY OF MATHEMATICS AND NATURAL SCIENCES STUDY PROGRAM OF MATHEMATICS - S1 SEMESTER LEARNING PLAN

	Course	•		Code		Cource Group	Credits	SEMESTER	Compilation Date		
N	lathematical Log	ic and Sets		23H01110203		Algebra	3	1	10 Agustus 2024		
				SLP Developer L	ecturer	Coordinator	1	Head	of Study Program		
	AUTHORITY			nir Kamal Amir, M M.Si., Dr. Firmar		Prof. Dr. Amir Kamal Amir,	M.Sc.	Dr. F	irman, S.Si.,M.Si.		
	SLOs that are	e imposed on	the course					-1			
	SLO-1:	Mahasiw	Mahasiwa memiliki pemahaman yang relatif mendalam dalam matematika murni dan matematika terapan sederhana.								
	SLO-2:	Mahasis	Mahasiswa mampu mengidentifikasi objek, teknik, dan sifat dalam matematika dasar, dan membuat koneksi untuk menyelesaikan masalah								
	SLO-3:	Mahasis	Mahasiswa mampu menganalisis suatu masalah matematika dengan logika, analitik, dan struktur sistematis								
	SLO ⇒ Course Learning Outcomes										
	After completing this course, it is expected:										
	SLO-1	CLO-1: Students have a relatively deep understanding in determining the truth value of a statement, including statements containing quantifiers, understand the laws of logic and several inference methods, understanding sets, relations in sets.									
	SLO-3		CLO-2: Understand the process of proving a statement logically, analytically and systematically, proving set cardinal numbers and operations between cardinal numbers.								
	SLO-2	CLO-3: Understand how to use the laws of logic, inference methods, proof methods for the development of mathematics and application to other scientific disciplines									
	CLO ⇒ Sub-C	CLO									
Learning Outcomes		Sub-CL0	0-1: Students	are able to expla	in and give exampl	es of statements; able to determine t	the truth valu	ie of a compound st	atement		
Course		Sub-CL0	Sub-CLO-3: Able to determine the truth value of quantified statements and able to state the form of refutation of quantified statements								
	CLO-1	Sub-CL0	O-6: Know, ex	plain and describ	e sets and the prop	perties of sets					
		Sub-CL0	Sub-CLO-8:Know, explain and describe relationships and the nature of relationships in sets								
		Sub-CLO-2:Able to prove the equivalence of two propositions using tautology and able to derive							laws of logic		
	CLO-2		b-CLO-5:Able to explain and provide examples of various types of Evidence Methods and able to determine the type of evidence method that can be ged for a case								
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	Sub-CLO-7:Know, explain and describe, and perform various set operations							
Sub-CLO-9:Know, explain and describe several operations between cardinal numbers								
	Sub-CLO-4: Able to use quantified statements in Mathematical concepts, including: the concept of functions and function limits							
CLO-3	Sub-CLO-5: Able to explain and provide examples of various types of Evidence Methods and able to determine the type of evidence method that can be used for a case							

Correlation between SLOs/CLOs to Sub-CLOs

SLOs that are		SUB CPMK	Form of Assessment*								
charged on the Course	СРМК		Formative		Sumative				Weight	Value	Student Score
on the Course			Formative	Short Q&A	Independent Assignment	Case Studies	Written Exam	Written Exam			
SLO-1	CLO-1	SUB-CLO-1	Discipline	0	0	0	0	0	0		
SLO-3	CLO-2	SUB-CLO-2	Punctuality	0	10	0	2.04	0	12.04		
SLO-1	CLO-1	SUB-CLO-3		0	10	0	2.04	0	12.04		
SLO-2	CLO-3	SUB-CLO-4	independence	0	0	10	2.04	0	12.04		
SLO-3	CLO-2	SUB-CLO-5	Punctuality	0	0	10	2.04	0	12.04		
SLO-1	CLO-1	SUB-CLO-6	Punctuality	4	0	0	0.82	0	4.82		
SLO-3	CLO-2	SUB-CLO-7		0	5	0	1.02	0	6.02		
SLO-1	CLO-1	SUB-CLO-8		4	0	0	0	1.67	5.67		
SLO-	CLO-	SUB-CLO-9	Punctuality	7	0	0	0	0	7		
SLO-3	CLO-2	SUB-CLO-9	Punctuality	0	0	20	0	8.33	28.33		
			•	15	25	40	10	10	100		

Course Description

This course is designed to develop logical thinking and critical thinking skills. This course does not emphasize the use or mastery of formulas mathematics, but rather trains and strengthens the logical aspects of mathematics and knowledge of sets of students. It is hoped that students understand the importance of mathematical knowledge, not because Must be proficient with numbers and various quantitative formulas only. The material for this course includes: Sentence Statements, Truth Value of Sentences, Laws of Logic, several special forms of statements, valid and invalid arguments, quantified statements, the use of logic in several basic concepts of mathematics, methods of proving statements, basics of set theory, relations on sets, and set cardinal numbers.

		1. Basics of logic (Ba	sics of logic)								
		2. Quantified Statement (Quantor statement)									
		3. Use of Quantor Statements									
	Learning Materials/Subjects	4. Method of Evidence (method of evidence)									
		5. Basics of Set Theo	ory								
		6. Relations in Sets									
		7. Set of cardinal nur	mbers								
		Main References									
		Main References									
		1.A. Weinstein, Logic, Set, and Number, second Edition, Wosworth Publishing Company, California, 1976.									
		2. P.J. Hurley, A Concise Introduction to Logic, 3rd Edition, Wadsworth Pub, 1988.									
		3. A.K. Amir, Structure of Logical and Systematic Thinking. Depublish, 2018.									
Refe	erence	4. Charles C Pinter, "Set Theory", Dover Publication, Inc.2014									
		5. Seymour Lipschutz, "Set Theory and Related Topics" Schaum Outline Series, 1998									
		Additional References									
		K.H. Rosen, Discrete Mathematics and Its Applications, 4th Edition, McGraw-Hill, 1995.									
		K.H. Rosen, Discrete	Mathematics and its Appli	cations, 4th Edition, McGra	w-miii, 1995.						
Teachi	ing Team		Prof. Dr. Budi Nurv	vahyu, MS., Prof. Dr. Amir I	Kamal Amir, M.Sc., Prof. Dr.	. Hasmawati, M.Si., Dra. I	Nur Erawati, M.Si.				
	ourse irement	Basic Mathematics I									
requi	ireirierit							T			
Week	_	sub CPMK age learning ability)	Penilaian (<i>a</i>	Assesment)	Learning Forms [time est		Content	Weight of Assessment			
	(Ella-ol-Sta	ige learning ability)	Indicator	Techniques & Criteria	Offline	Online		(%)			

1	Students are able to explain and give examples of statements; able to determine the truth value of a compound statement (CPMK-1)	Formative: Students are able to show discipline. Sumative: The accuracy of the explanation with examples; determines truth value via truth table	Formative Criteria: Discipline dinilai dengan rubrik 01 Sumative Criteria: Short Q&A (0) Assessment Technique: Test and Non-Test	Studying: Collaborative learning (Collaborative Learning) TM:3x1x50	College Contract, Statement, simple and compound, truth value table	0
2	Able to prove the equivalence of two propositions using tautology and able to derive various conclusions using the laws of logic (CPMK-2)	Formative: Students are able to show a disciplined and active attitude in learning Sumative: Accuracy of using tautology and laws of logic	Formative Criteria: Punctuality dinilai dengan rubrik 01 Sumative Criteria: Independent Assignment (10) dinilai dengan rubrik 01 Assessment Technique: Test and Non-Test	Studying: Collaborative learning (Collaborative Learning) Gagal diterjemahkan 3x1x50	The laws of logic, Tautology, Contradiction, converse, Inverse, Contraposition	10
3	Able to determine the truth value of quantified statements and able to state the form of refutation of quantified statements (CPMK-1)	Formative: Gagal diterjemahkan Sumative: Accuracy of use several inference methods.	Formative Criteria: Sumative Criteria: Independent Assignment (10) dinilai dengan rubrik 01 Assessment Technique: Test and Non-Test	Studying: Collaborative learning (Collaborative Learning) Gagal diterjemahkan 3x1x50	Valid argument and invalid, Some inference method	10

4-5	Able to use quantified statements in Mathematical concepts, including: the concept of functions and function limits (CPMK-3)	Formative: Students are able to show a disciplined and active attitude in learning Sumative: Accuracy determines value truth and accuracy determine the shape disclaimer.	Formative Criteria: independence dinilai dengan rubrik 01 Sumative Criteria: Case Studies (10) dinilai dengan rubrik 01 Assessment Technique: Gagal diterjemahkan	Studying: Collaborative learning (Collaborative Learning) Gagal diterjemahkan 3x1x50	General accountant, quantifier existential as well negation of statement have an office	10
6-7	Able to explain and provide examples of various types of Evidence Methods and able to determine the type of evidence method that can be used for a case (CPMK-3, CPMK-2)	Formative: Students are able to show a disciplined and active attitude in learning Sumative: Accuracy of use statement has office on Mathematics concepts,	Formative Criteria: Punctuality dinilai dengan rubrik 01 Sumative Criteria: Case Studies (10) dinilai dengan rubrik 01 Assessment Technique: Test and Non-Test	Studying: Collaborative learning (Collaborative Learning) Gagal diterjemahkan 2x1x50	Logic Concepts on Function	10
8	Written Exam					10
9	Know, explain and describe sets and the properties of sets (CPMK-1)	Formative: Gagal diterjemahkan Sumative: The accuracy and systematicity of the proof steps	Formative Criteria: Punctuality dinilai dengan rubrik 01 Sumative Criteria: Short Q&A (4) dinilai dengan rubrik 01 Assessment Technique: Test and Non-Test	Studying: Collaborative learning (Collaborative Learning) - 2x2x50	Types of proof methods and their applications	4

	T		T			
10-11	Know, explain and describe, and perform various set operations (CPMK-2)	Formative: Gagal diterjemahkan Sumative: The accuracy and systematicity of the proof steps	Formative Criteria: Sumative Criteria: Independent Assignment (5) Assessment Technique: Gagal diterjemahkan	Studying: Collaborative learning (Collaborative Learning) - 2x2x50	Proof method using Mathematical Induction	5
12-13	Know, explain and describe relationships and the nature of relationships in sets (CPMK-1)	Formative: Gagal diterjemahkan Sumative: Accuracy Explanation with examples Accuracy in solving problems related to conversion between canonical forms	Formative Criteria: Sumative Criteria: Short Q&A (4) Assessment Technique: Test and Non-Test	Studying: Collaborative learning (Collaborative Learning) - 2x1x50	Understanding and examples of Boolean algebra, Form Conversion, SOP and POS Canonical Form Functions, and conversion between canonical forms	4
14	Know, explain and describe cardinal numbers ()	Formative: Gagal diterjemahkan Sumative: Gagal diterjemahkan	Formative Criteria: Punctuality dinilai dengan rubrik 01 Sumative Criteria: Short Q&A (7) dinilai dengan rubrik 01 Assessment Technique: Test and Non-Test		Gagal diterjemahkan	7

15	Know, explain and describe several operations between cardinal numbers (CPMK-2)	Formative: Gagal diterjemahkan Sumative: Gagal diterjemahkan	Formative Criteria: Punctuality dinilai dengan rubrik 01 Sumative Criteria: Case Studies (20) dinilai dengan rubrik 01 Assessment Technique: Test and Non-Test		Gagal diterjemahkan	20
16	Written Exam					10
						100

Matrix of SLO, CLO, and Assessment Method

SLO / CLO	CLO-1	CLO-2	CLO-3
CPL-1 (ILO 1)	Short Q&A Independent Assignment (Weight 10%) Short Q&A (Weight 4%) Short Q&A (Weight 4%)		
CPL-2 (P2)			Case Studies (Weight 10%) Case Studies (Weight 10%)
CPL-3 (KU1)		Independent Assignment (Weight 10%) Case Studies (Weight 10%) Independent Assignment (Weight 5%) Case Studies (Weight 20%)	

Evaluation Type and Assessment Weight

Туре	Assessment Weight
Short Q&A	15
Independent Assignment	25
Case Studies	40
Written Exam	10
Written Exam	10
Total	100

Assessment and Evaluation of Student Achievement of CLOs

SLOs that			Form of Assessment [*]									
are charged	CLO	SUB CLO			Sumative				Weight	Value	Student Score	
on the Course				Formative	Short Q&A	Independent Assignment	Case Studies	Written Exam	Written Exam			ocore
SLO-1	CLO- 1	SUB-CLO- 1	Discipline	0	0	0	0	0	0			
SLO-3	CLO- 2	SUB-CLO-	Punctuality	0	10	0	2.04	0	12.04			
SLO-1	CLO- 1	SUB-CLO-		0	10	0	2.04	0	12.04			
SLO-2	CLO-	SUB-CLO-	independence	0	0	10	2.04	0	12.04			
SLO-3	CLO- 2	SUB-CLO- 5	Punctuality	0	0	10	2.04	0	12.04			
SLO-1	CLO- 1	SUB-CLO-	Punctuality	4	0	0	0.82	0	4.82			
SLO-3	CLO- 2	SUB-CLO-		0	5	0	1.02	0	6.02			
SLO-1	CLO- 1	SUB-CLO-		4	0	0	0	1.67	5.67			
SLO-	CLO-	SUB-CLO- 9	Punctuality	7	0	0	0	0	7			
SLO-3	CLO- 2	SUB-CLO- 9	Punctuality	0	0	20	0	8.33	28.33			
	•			15	25	40	10	10	100	'		

Lampiran Rubrik 01 | ASSESMENT TERTULIS

K '' . B '' .	Bobot/Skor Penilaian							
Kriteria Penilaian	5	4	3	2	1/0			
Konsep/ metode yang digunakan	Penjelasan konsep /metode (*) sangat lengkap dan akurat	Penjelasan konsep/metode (*) cukup jelas tetapi beberapa informasi tidak dituliskan secara lengkap.	Penjelasan konsep/metode (*) kurang jelas dan banyak informasi yang tidak dituliskan	Penjelasan yang dituliskan hampir tidak berkaitan dengan konsep/ metode (*)	Tidak memberikan konsep yang dibutuhkan			
Sistematika penulisan/ pembuktian	Sistematika penulisan/ pembuktian sangat jelas dan terstruktur	Sistematika penulisan/ pembuktian cukup jelas namun ada langkah yang hilang	Sistematika penulisan/ pembuktian kurang jelas	Sistematika penulisan/ pembuktian tidak jelas	Jawaban tidak benar/ tidak ada			
Interpretasi geometri/ kualitatif/ kuantitatif.	Interpretasi geometri/ kualitatif/ kuantitaBtif (*) tepat dan lengkap	Interpretasi geometri/ kualitatif/ kuantitatif (*) cukup lengkap/ tepat	Interpretasi geometri/ kualitatif/ kuantitatif (*) kurang lengkap/ tepat	Interpretasi geometri/ kualitatif/ kuantitatif(*) tidak lengkap/ tepat	Interpretasi geometri/ kualitatif/kuantitatif(*) tidak benar			
Perhitungan/kesimpulan	Perhitungan/ kesimpulan sangat akurat/tepat dan disertai alasan yang mendasarinya	Perhitungan/ kesimpulan cukup akurat/tepat dan disertai alasan yang mendasarinya	Kesimpulan cukup tepat, namun tidak disertai alasan yang jelas	Perhitungan/ kesimpulan kurang akurat/tepat dan tidak disertai alasan yang mendasarinya	Perhitungan/kesimpulan salah			